

**3.3 Properties of Logarithmic Functions****Change of Base Formula:**

Let  $u$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  be positive numbers with  $b \neq 1$  and  $c \neq 1$ . Then:

$$\log_c u = \frac{\log_b u}{\log_b c}$$

In particular,  $\log_c u = \frac{\log u}{\log c}$  and  $\log_c u = \frac{\ln u}{\ln c}$ .

Evaluate the logarithm using the change-of-base formula. Round your answers to 3 decimal places.

1.)  $\log_4 25$

$$\frac{\log 25}{\log 4} = 2.322$$

2.)  $\log_2 12$

$$\frac{\log 12}{\log 2} = 3.585$$

3.)  $\log_3 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right) = -0.465$

$$\frac{\log \frac{3}{5}}{\log 3}$$

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$$\ln 4 = 1.386$$

$$\log_3 4^3 = x$$

$$3^x = 4^3$$

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**Properties of Logarithms**

Let  $b$ ,  $R$ , and  $S$  be positive numbers such that  $b \neq 1$  and  $c$  any real number.

**Product Property:**  $\log_b(RS) = \log_b R + \log_b S$

**Quotient Property:**  $\log_b\left(\frac{R}{S}\right) = \log_b R - \log_b S$

**Power Property:**  $\log_b R^c = c \log_b R$

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### EXPLORATION 2 Discovering Relationships and Nonrelationships

Of the eight relationships suggested here, four are *true* and four are *false* (using values of  $x$  within the domains of both sides of the equations). Thinking about the properties of logarithms, make a prediction about the truth of each statement. Then test each with some specific numerical values for  $x$ . Finally, compare the graphs of the two sides of the equation.

1.  $\ln(x+2) = \ln x + \ln 2$  *False*
2.  $\log_3(7x) = 7 \log_3 x$  *False*
3.  $\log_2(5x) = \log_2 5 + \log_2 x$  *True*
4.  $\ln \frac{x}{5} = \ln x - \ln 5$  *True*
5.  $\log \frac{x}{4} = \frac{\log x}{\log 4}$  *False*
6.  $\log_4 x^3 = 3 \log_4 x$  *True*
7.  $\log_5 x^2 = (\log_5 x)(\log_5 x)$  *False*
8.  $\log |4x| = \log 4 + \log |x|$  *True*

Which four are true, and which four are false?

$$\hookrightarrow 2 \log_5 x$$

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**Expanding a Logarithmic Expression**

4.) Expand  $\log_2 \frac{7x^3}{y}$ . Assume x and y are positive.

$$\log_2 7 + 3 \log_2 x - \log_2 y$$

Use properties of logarithms to expand each expression.

5.)  $\log_4 5x^3y$

$$\log_4 5 + 3 \log_4 x + \log_4 y$$

6.)  $\boxed{\quad} = \ln \frac{(3x-5)^{1/2}}{7}$   

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2} \ln(3x-5) - \ln 7}$$

7.)  $\boxed{\quad}$

$$\ln 3 + \ln x + 3 \ln y$$

8.)  $\boxed{\quad}$

$$\log_8 64 + 2 \log_8 x$$

$$\boxed{2 + 2 \log_8 x}$$

9.)  $\log_2 \sqrt{4x}$

$$\log_2 (4x)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \log_2 4 + \frac{1}{2} \log_2 x$$

$$\boxed{1 + \frac{1}{2} \log_2 x}$$

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**Condensing a Logarithmic Expression**

Condense the expression.

10.)  $\log 6 + 2 \log 2 - \log 3$

$$\log \left( \frac{6 \cdot 2^2}{3} \right) \boxed{= \log 8}$$

11.)  $\boxed{\quad}$

$$\ln \frac{16}{4} \\ \boxed{\ln 4}$$

12.)  $\boxed{\quad}$

$$\log_{16} \left( \frac{12^4}{2^4} \right) \boxed{=} \log_{16} 1296$$

13.)  $\boxed{\quad}$

$$\log_4 2^7 \times y^3 \boxed{=} \log_4 128 \times y^3$$

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$$14.) 3(\ln 3 - \ln x) + (\ln x - \ln 9)$$

$$3 \left( \ln \frac{3}{x} \right) + \ln \frac{x}{9}$$

$$\ln \left( \frac{3}{x} \right)^3 \cdot \frac{x}{9}$$

$$\ln \frac{27x}{x^3 \cdot 9}$$

$$\ln \frac{3}{x^2}$$

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$$15.) \frac{1}{4} \log_5 81 - (2 \log_5 6 - \frac{1}{2} \log_5 4)$$

$$\log_5 \frac{\sqrt[4]{81}}{\left(\frac{6^2}{\sqrt{4}}\right)} = \log_5 \frac{3}{18}$$

$$\log_5 \frac{1}{6}$$

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